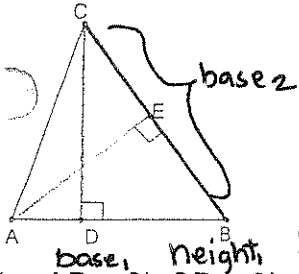


In $\triangle ABC$, $\overline{CD} \perp \overline{AB}$ and $\overline{AE} \perp \overline{BC}$, find the highlighted segment if:



1. $AB = 8'$, $CD = 9'$, $AE = 6'$

METHOD 1:

$$A = \frac{1}{2} b_1 h_1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (8)(9)$$

$$= 36$$

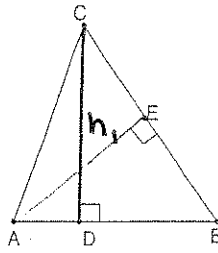
$$A = \frac{1}{2} b_2 h_2$$

$$36 = \frac{1}{2} (b_2)(6)$$

$$36 = 3b_2$$

$$12 = b_2$$

(12 ft)



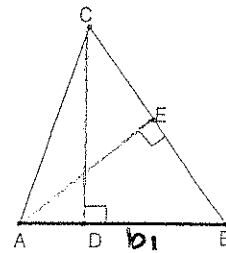
2. $AB = 11'$, $AE = 5'$, $BC = 15'$

$$b_1 \cdot h_1 = b_2 \cdot h_2$$

$$11 \cdot h_1 = 15 \cdot 5$$

$$h_1 = \frac{75}{11}$$

$\frac{75}{11}$ ft



3. $CD = 14'$, $AE = 10'$, $BC = 21'$

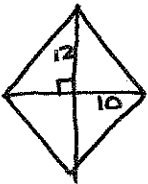
$$h_1 \cdot b_2 = h_2 \cdot b_1$$

$$14 \cdot b_1 = 10 \cdot 21$$

$$b_1 = 15$$

(15 ft)

4. The diagonals of a rhombus are 20" and 24"
Find the area of the rhombus.



A RHOMBUS = 4 · A RIGHT TRIANGLES

$$= 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} b \cdot h$$

$$= 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} (10)(12)$$

$$= 240$$

240 in²

5. The length of the hypotenuse \overline{AC} of right $\triangle ABC$ is 30 cm. $AB = 18$ cm. Find the area of $\triangle ABC$ and the length of BD .

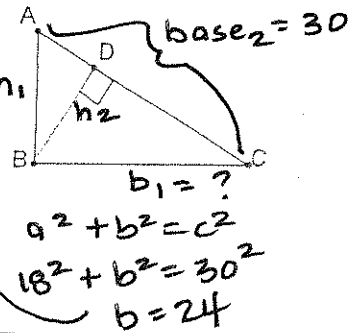
$$A_{\triangle ABC} = \frac{1}{2} b_1 h_1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (18)(24) = 216$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} b_2 h_2$$

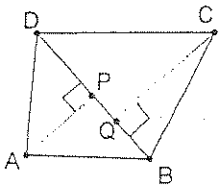
$$216 = \frac{1}{2} (30) h_2$$

$$14.4 = h_2$$



$A_{\triangle ABC} = 216 \text{ cm}^2$ $BD = 14.4 \text{ cm}$

6. If $AP = 10$ and $CQ = 15$ find this ratio:

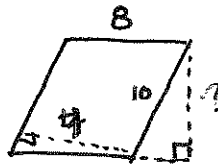


$$\frac{\text{area} \triangle ABD}{\text{area} \triangle BCD}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot BD \cdot AP}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot BD \cdot CQ}$$

$$= \frac{AP}{CQ} = \frac{10}{15} = \frac{2}{3}$$

7. The lengths of the sides of a parallelogram are 8 in and 10 in. If the length of an altitude to a longer side is 4 in, find the length of an altitude to a shorter side.



$$A = b_1 \cdot h_1$$

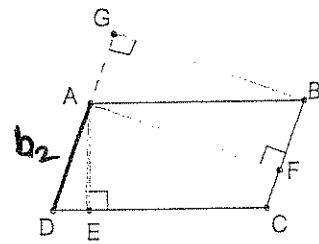
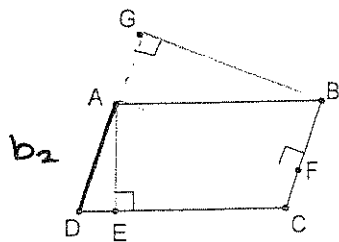
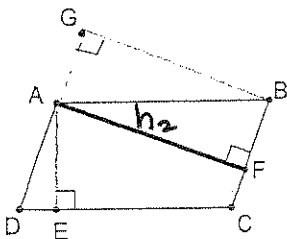
$$A = b_2 \cdot h_2 \rightarrow b_1 \cdot h_1 = b_2 \cdot h_2$$

$$10 \cdot 4 = 8 \cdot h_2$$

$$5 = h_2$$

1. 12 ft 2. $6\frac{9}{11}$ ft 3. 15 ft 4. 240 sq in 5. 216 cm², 14.4 cm 6. 2:3 7. 5 in

Given parallelogram ABCD with $AE \perp DC$, $AF \perp BC$, and $BG \perp DG$. Find the highlighted segment.



8. $AE = 7'$, $DC = 12'$, $BC = 14'$
 h_1 b_1 b_2

$$h_1 \cdot b_1 = h_2 \cdot b_2$$

$$7 \cdot 12 = h_2 \cdot 14$$

$$6 = h_2$$

$$\boxed{6 \text{ ft}}$$

9. $AE = 10'$, $AB = 18'$, $GB = 15'$
 h_1 b_1 h_2

$$h_1 \cdot b_1 = h_2 \cdot b_2$$

$$10 \cdot 18 = 15 \cdot b_2$$

$$12 = b_2$$

$$\boxed{12 \text{ ft}}$$

10. $AF = 6'$, $DC = 14'$, $AE = 8'$
 h_2 b_1 h_1

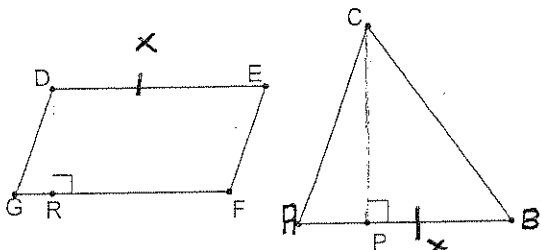
$$h_1 \cdot b_1 = h_2 \cdot b_2$$

$$8 \cdot 14 = 6 \cdot b_2$$

$$\frac{56}{3} = b_2$$

$$\boxed{18\frac{2}{3} \text{ ft}}$$

11. If area of $\triangle ABC =$ area parallelogram DEFG and $AB = DE$, what is the ratio of CP to DR?



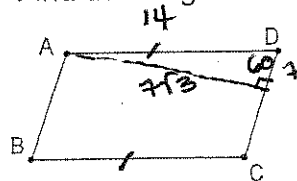
$$b_1 h_1 = \frac{1}{2} b_2 h_2$$

$$x \cdot DR = \frac{1}{2} x \cdot CP$$

$$DR = \frac{1}{2} CP$$

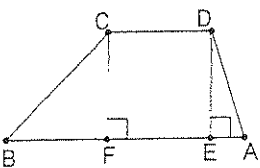
$$\text{OR } \frac{2CP}{1DR} = \boxed{\frac{2}{1}}$$

12. In parallelogram ABCD, $AD = 14''$ and $m\angle B = 60^\circ$. Find the length of the altitude from A to \overline{CD} .



$$\boxed{7\sqrt{3} \text{ in}}$$

13 – 15 Find the area of trapezoid ABCD where $\overline{CF} \perp \overline{BA}$ and $\overline{DE} \perp \overline{BA}$ if:

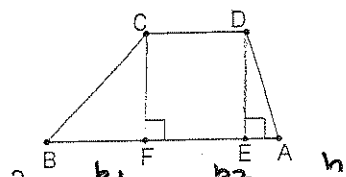


13. $AB = 12'$, $DC = 6'$, $DE = 4'$
 b_1 b_2 h

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2) \cdot h$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(12 + 6)(4)$$

$$= \boxed{36 \text{ ft}^2}$$

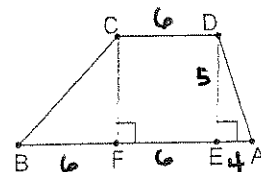


14. $AB = 9$, $DC = 5$, $CF = 3$
 b_1 b_2 h

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2) \cdot h$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(9 + 5)(3)$$

$$= \boxed{21 \text{ ft}^2}$$



15. $AE = 4'$, $FB = 6'$, $DC = 6'$, $DE = 5'$
 b_1 b_2 h

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2) \cdot h$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(16 + 6) \cdot 5$$

$$= \boxed{55 \text{ ft}^2}$$

8. 6 ft 9. 12 ft 10. $18\frac{2}{3}$ ft 11. 2:1 12. $7\sqrt{3}$ in 13. 36 sq' 14. 21 ft² 15. 55 ft²