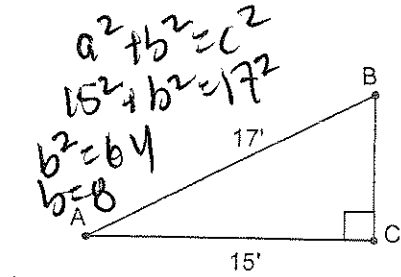


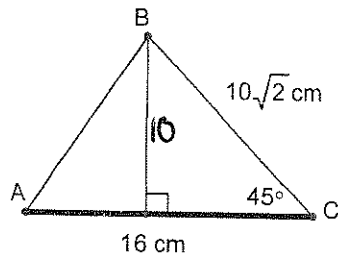
Find the area of $\triangle ABC$ SHOW FORMULA AND SUBSTITUTIONS LABEL ANSWER



$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(15)(8)$$

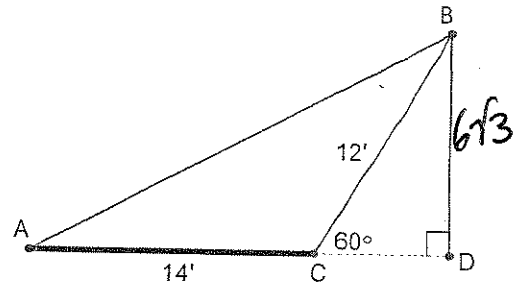
$$= 60 \text{ ft}^2$$



$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(16)(10)$$

$$= 80 \text{ cm}^2$$

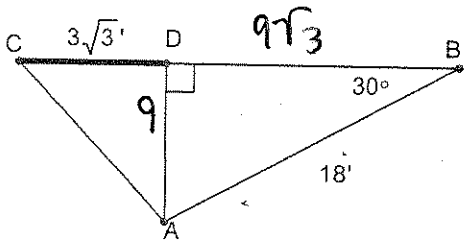


$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(14)(6\sqrt{3})$$

$$= 42\sqrt{3} \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\approx 72.78 \text{ ft}^2$$

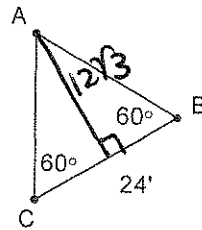


$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(18)(9)$$

$$= 81 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\approx 93.53 \text{ ft}^2$$

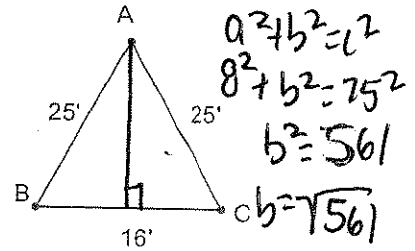


$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(24)(12\sqrt{3})$$

$$= 144\sqrt{3} \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\approx 249.46 \text{ ft}^2$$



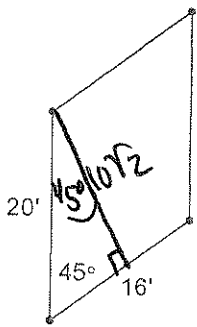
$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(16)(\sqrt{56})$$

$$= 8\sqrt{56} \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\approx 189.48 \text{ ft}^2$$

Find the area of parallelogram ABCD

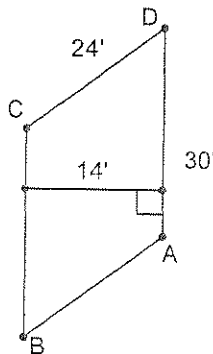


$$A = bh$$

$$= (16)(10\sqrt{2})$$

$$= 160\sqrt{2} \text{ ft}^2$$

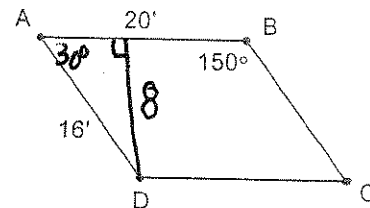
$$\approx 226.27 \text{ ft}^2$$



$$A = bh$$

$$= (14)(30)$$

$$= 420 \text{ ft}^2$$



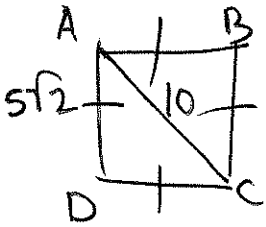
$$A = bh$$

$$= (20)(8)$$

$$= 160 \text{ ft}^2$$

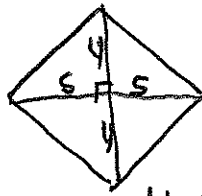
Find the area of the given figure. ☺

10. Square ABCD
Diagonal 10 cm



$$\begin{aligned} A &= s^2 \\ &= (5\sqrt{2})^2 \\ &= (5\sqrt{2})(5\sqrt{2}) \\ &= 25 \cdot \sqrt{4} \\ &= 25 \cdot 2 \\ &= 50 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

11. Rhombus
Diagonals 8 cm and 10 cm

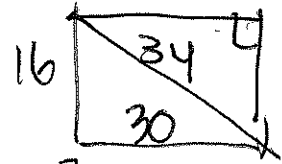


$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{RHOMBUS}} &= 4 \cdot A_{\text{TRIANGLES}} \\ &= 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} b \cdot h \\ &= 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} (5)(4) \\ &= 40 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

OR

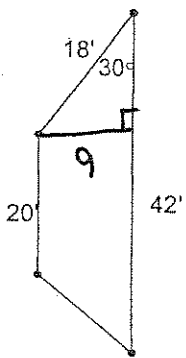
$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{d_1 \cdot d_2}{2} \\ &= \frac{8 \cdot 10}{2} = 40 \end{aligned}$$

13. Rectangle
Diagonal 34 cm
One side 16 cm



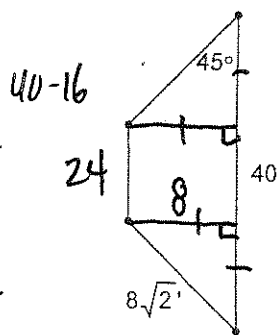
$$\begin{aligned} 34^2 &= 16^2 + b^2 \\ 900 &= b^2 \\ 30 &= b \\ A &= bh \\ &= (30)(16) \\ &= 480 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

14. Trapezoid



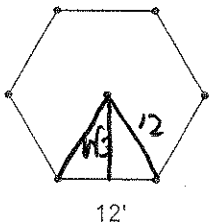
$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2} (b_1 + b_2) h \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (20 + 42)(9) \\ &= 279 \text{ ft}^2 \end{aligned}$$

15. Isosceles Trapezoid



$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2} (b_1 + b_2) h \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (24 + 40)(8) \\ &= 256 \text{ ft}^2 \end{aligned}$$

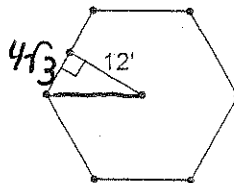
16. Regular Hexagon



$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2} \text{APOTHEM} \cdot P \\ &\quad \text{(height of } \Delta) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (6\sqrt{3})(6 \cdot 12) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{HEX}} &= 6 \cdot A_{\text{TRI}} \\ &= 6 \cdot \frac{1}{2} bh \\ &= 6 \cdot \frac{1}{2} (12)(6\sqrt{3}) \\ &= 216\sqrt{3} \text{ ft}^2 \\ &\approx 374.12 \text{ ft}^2 \end{aligned}$$

17. Regular Hexagon



$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{HEX}} &= 6 \cdot A_{\text{TRI}} \\ &= 6 \cdot \frac{1}{2} (b)(h) \\ &= 6 \cdot \frac{1}{2} (12)(4\sqrt{3}) \\ &= 288\sqrt{3} \text{ ft}^2 \\ &\approx 496.83 \end{aligned}$$