The Effect of Incubation Temperature and Salinity on Seed Germination: A Two Factor Design of Experiment

Table 1

Factors used in Experiment

	(T)		(s)				
<u> </u>	ncubation Temperature (°	C)	Salinity (percent solution)				
(-)	Standard	(+)	(-) Standard				
35.5	37	38.5	0.125%	0.800%	1.500%		

Table 2
Data for Three Runs

	First Run			Second Run			Third Run		
Order	Triai	Resuit (amount germinated)	Order	Trial	Result (amount germinated)	Order	Trial	Result (amount germinated)	
1	Standard	20	1	Standard	40	1	Standard	25	
	(+,+)	31		(+,+)	30		(+,+)	5	
	(-,-)	7		(-,-)	7		(-,-)	37	
4	Standard	27	4	Standard	42	4	Standard	34	
	(+,-)	18		(+,-)	34		(+,-)	28	
	(-,+)	42		(-,+)	14		(-,+)	11	
7	Standard	25	7	Standard	30	7	Standard	29	

Table 3

Average Number of Seeds Germinated Data

	trials	First	Second	Third		
T	S	Run	Run	Run	Averages	
(+)	(+)	31	30	5	22	
(-)	(-)	7	7	37	17	
(+)	(~)	18	34	28	2633	
(-)	(+)	42	14	1 1	22 /3	

Use table three to find the averages of highs and lows.

What is the grand average of this data set? 22+17+2643+2243=22

22 Seeds

Use the tables below to find each of the three effect values now. Be sure to label the figures and tables.

Table 4 Effect of

TEMPERATURE (°C)						
35.5	35.5					
17	22					
22/3	2643					
1943	24/3					

AVGS:

243-1933=433 25 seeds

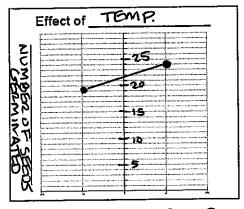


Figure 1. Effect of TEMP.

Table 5 Effect of

		(Y. SOLUTION)
	.125%	1.500%
	17	22
	2623	22/3
AVGS:	2156	2216

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Figure 2. Effect of SALINITY

Table 6 Interaction Effect.

			TEMP.		
			(-)	(+)	
SALI	Solid Segment	(+)	22/3	22	
אאל	Dotted Segment	(-)	17	2643	

14164 SLOPE - LOW SLOPE

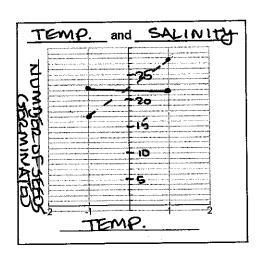


Figure 3. Interaction effect of TEMP. \$

Now that you have found the three effects, take a look at the standards. Write them in the chart below.

Table 7
Data of Standards

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	 					-	<u> </u>

What is the range of standards? What is the range of the entire data set?

42-20 = 22

42-5=37

since ROSX2 is less than

Create a scatterplot of the standards below. Be sure to block by run. Look for trends.

Discuss any that you see. Don't forget your labels.

there may have been some lurking variables.
(Perhaps, redo experiment?)

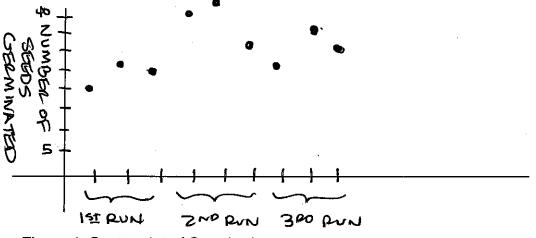


Figure 4. Scatterplot of Standards

NOTE: ZMP RUN HAD HIGHEST STANDARDS

Now it is time for your dot plot of effects. Plot the three effect values. Include a legend. Set up fences for double the range of standards. Which effect(s) are deemed

"statistically significant?"

TS S T

Figure 5. Dot Plot of Effects

1205×2 = 22×2 = 44 T (TEMP) = 473

S (SALINITY) = 13

TS (INTERACTION OF TEMP & SALINITY) = -5

SO NOTHING IS STATISTICAN SIGNIFICANT, BUT BOTH Temp of the interaction effect appected the results, practically speaking Last but not least, it is time to create your two equations.

Write the prediction equation below. Be sure to include your grand average.

$$y = 22 + \frac{43}{2}T + \frac{13}{2}S + \frac{-5}{2}TS + "noise"$$

Show a check of your work. Use the low, high average (-, +)

$$Y=22+\frac{43}{2}(-1)+\frac{1}{2}(1)+\frac{-5}{2}(-1)(+1)$$

= 22-23+6+25=223 THIS CHECKS AS IT IS
THE (-,+) AVG.

Make an interpolated prediction of (0.5, -0.5). Be sure to include an explanation of what these values mean.

$$Y = 22 + \frac{14}{2}(\frac{1}{2}) + \frac{3}{2}(-\frac{1}{2}) + -\frac{5}{2}(\frac{1}{2})(-\frac{1}{2})$$

$$= 22 + \frac{14}{12} - \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{8} \times 23.708 \text{ or } 24 \text{ seeds}$$
(if temp is 37.75° C \$ salinity is .4625% solution.

Finally, what is the parsimonious prediction equation? Write it below.

Do the same interpolated prediction (0.5, -0.5) using only parsimonious prediction equation. Write it below. Compare and contrast the two predictions

since norning was deemed statistically significant only the grand aug. is used in the parsimonious prediction equation, while All three effects are used in the prediction equation. They both estimate how many seeds might germinate if the experiment were run using a temp of 37.75°C & 4625% solution.